



Translation

## PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

## PCT

## INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference FI-1003	<b>FOR FURTHER ACTION</b> See Notification of Transmittal of International Preliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)	
International application No. PCT/JP2003/015734	International filing date (day/month/year) 09 December 2003 (09.12.2003)	Priority date (day/month/year) 20 December 2002 (20.12.2002)
International Patent Classification (IPC) or national classification and IPC C08F 6/00, 8/04, 212/08, 232/06, C09J 125/08, 157/00		
Applicant IDEMITSU KOSAN CO., LTD.		

1. This international preliminary examination report has been prepared by this International Preliminary Examining Authority and is transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36.

2. This REPORT consists of a total of 3 sheets, including this cover sheet.

This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, i.e., sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications made before this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions under the PCT).

These annexes consist of a total of \_\_\_\_\_ sheets.

3. This report contains indications relating to the following items:

- I  Basis of the report
- II  Priority
- III  Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability
- IV  Lack of unity of invention
- V  Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement
- VI  Certain documents cited
- VII  Certain defects in the international application
- VIII  Certain observations on the international application

Date of submission of the demand 06 July 2004 (06.07.2004)	Date of completion of this report 18 March 2005 (18.03.2005)
Name and mailing address of the IPEA/JP	Authorized officer
Facsimile No.	Telephone No.

## INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

PCT/JP2003/015734

## I. Basis of the report

1. With regard to the elements of the international application:<sup>\*</sup>

the international application as originally filed  
 the description:

pages \_\_\_\_\_, as originally filed  
 pages \_\_\_\_\_, filed with the demand  
 pages \_\_\_\_\_, filed with the letter of \_\_\_\_\_

the claims:

pages \_\_\_\_\_, as originally filed  
 pages \_\_\_\_\_, as amended (together with any statement under Article 19)  
 pages \_\_\_\_\_, filed with the demand  
 pages \_\_\_\_\_, filed with the letter of \_\_\_\_\_

the drawings:

pages \_\_\_\_\_, as originally filed  
 pages \_\_\_\_\_, filed with the demand  
 pages \_\_\_\_\_, filed with the letter of \_\_\_\_\_

the sequence listing part of the description:

pages \_\_\_\_\_, as originally filed  
 pages \_\_\_\_\_, filed with the demand  
 pages \_\_\_\_\_, filed with the letter of \_\_\_\_\_

## 2. With regard to the language, all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the language in which the international application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item. These elements were available or furnished to this Authority in the following language \_\_\_\_\_ which is:

the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of international search (under Rule 23.1(b)).  
 the language of publication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)).  
 the language of the translation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination (under Rule 55.2 and/or 55.3).

## 3. With regard to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, the international preliminary examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:

contained in the international application in written form.  
 filed together with the international application in computer readable form.  
 furnished subsequently to this Authority in written form.  
 furnished subsequently to this Authority in computer readable form.  
 The statement that the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed has been furnished.  
 The statement that the information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence listing has been furnished.

4.  The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of:

the description, pages \_\_\_\_\_  
 the claims, Nos. \_\_\_\_\_  
 the drawings, sheets/fig \_\_\_\_\_

5.  This report has been established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed, as indicated in the Supplemental Box (Rule 70.2(c)).\*\*

\* Replacement sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report since they do not contain amendments (Rule 70.16 and 70.17).

\*\* Any replacement sheet containing such amendments must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to this report.

## INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.  
PCT/JP03/15734

## V. Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

## 1. Statement

Novelty (N)	Claims	3	YES
	Claims	1-2	NO
Inventive step (IS)	Claims	3	YES
	Claims	1-2	NO
Industrial applicability (IA)	Claims	1-3	YES
	Claims		NO

## 2. Citations and explanations

Document 1: WO, 00-69920, A1 (Bayer AG), 23 November, 2000 (23.11.00)

## Claim 1

The subject matter of claim 1 does not appear to be novel or to involve an inventive step.

In the subject matter of claim 1, a cyclopentadiene-based compound and a vinyl aromatic compound are polymerized, and also in document 1 cited in the ISR, cyclopentadiene (see paragraph [0025]) and styrene (see paragraph [0034]) are polymerized. In this regard, there is no difference between them. Furthermore, hydrogenation and the step of removing a solvent by vacuum drying after hydrogenation are described in document 1 (see paragraphs [0045]-[0048] and Examples 6 and 8), and it is also described that the proportion of the low-molecular weight component in the obtained polymer is from 5 to 60 wt% (see paragraph [0021]).

Moreover, the solvent removal, hydrogenation and the step of removing a solvent in such a manner as to leave a hydrogenated low-molecular weight substance in the subject matter of claim 1 are well-known techniques [for example, see {JP, 9-124728, A (Asahi Kasei Corp.), 13 May, 1997 (13.05.97), the claims (Family: none)} and {JP, 9-124727, A (Asahi Kasei Corp.), 13 May, 1997 (13.05.97), the claims (Family: none)}]. Using a spent solvent for recycling in a polymerization reaction is a mere well-known technique.

## Claim 2

The subject matter of claim 2 does not appear to be novel or to involve an inventive step.

The subject matter of claim 2 is a hydrogenated petroleum resin produced by the method of the subject matter of claim 1. Since the production method is not different from that of document 1 as described above, the obtained resin is not different from that of document 1 either.